**Quiz  
HCC – GOVT 2305  
10 – 18 – 16**  
9. In the 18th century, democracy was associated with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .​   
a. ​mob rule   
b. ​order   
c. ​liberty   
d. ​safety   
e. ​rights   
  
11. John Adams and many others who would end up writing the founding documents of America believed in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, where the people would set up and agree upon the basic rules and procedures that would govern them.   
a. minority rights   
b. the rule of law   
c. a constitutional system   
d. a social contract   
e. factions   
  
16. Unlike Athens, the early United States had a population of nearly 4 million people, which made direct democracy impractical. Instead the Framers created a \_\_\_\_\_\_.   
a. dictatorship   
b. direct democracy   
c. representative democracy   
d. socialist government   
e. monarchy   
  
24. ​To ensure that one branch does not become too powerful, the Constitution divides power among the three branches to create a system of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.   
a. ​checks and balances   
b. ​federalism   
c. ​separation of powers   
d. ​majority rule   
e. ​democracy   
  
48. In Plyler v. Doe, the Supreme Court found that \_\_\_\_\_\_.   
a. ​Texas could charge tuition to illegal immigrants to attend public schools   
b. ​the 14th Amendment only applies to U.S. citizens   
c. ​the right to privacy does to extend to unamarried couples   
d. ​cities can create voucher programs that allow students to attend any school   
e. ​Texas violated the Equal Protection Clause of the 14th Amendment